BEST AVAILABLE COPY

USPTO Customer No. 25280 Serial No: 10/764,234 Inventor(s): Batlaw et al Case No: 5729

IN THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently Amended) In a two stage process of injection stretch blow molding polypropylene to form a container, wherein a first stage comprises forming a preform article, and a second stage comprises reheating and blow molding the preform article to form a high clarity container, the first stage comprising the steps of:
- (a) providing a chemical composition comprising polypropylene, said chemical composition having a melt flow index in the range of between about 6 and about 50 grams/10 minutes, according to ASTM D 1238;
- (b) injecting said chemical composition into a mold-at a fill rate of greater than about 5 grams of chemical composition per second;
- (c) forming said chemical composition into a preform article, said preform article having a closed end connected to a side wall, said side wall having a maximum thickness of less than from about 2 mm to about 4 3.5 mm; and
 - (d) removing said preform article from said mold.
 - 2. (Original) The process of claim 1 further comprising the steps of:
 - (e) reheating said preform article; and
 - (f) stretch blow molding said preform article to form a container.
 - 3. (Canceled)
- (Original) The process of claim 1 wherein said injection step (b) provides said chemical composition into said mold at a fill rate of about 5 - 22 grams/second.

Case No: 5729

PAGE 04

Inventor(s): Batlaw et al USPTO Customer No. 25280 Serial No: 10/764,234

- 5. (Original) The process of claim 1 wherein said chemical composition comprises an ethylene/propylene copolymer.
- 6. (Original) The process of claim 1 wherein said chemical composition further comprises a nucleating agent.
- 7. (Original) The process of claim 6 wherein said nucleating agent comprises a dibenzylidene sorbitol compound (DBS), or a derivative thereof.
- 8. (Original) The process of claim 6 wherein said nucleating agent comprises sodium 1,3-0-2, 4-bis(4-methylbenzylidene) sorbitol and derivatives thereof.
 - 9. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 6 wherein said nucleating agent comprises sodium benzoate and derivatives thereof.
 - 10. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 6 wherein said nucleating agent comprises 1,2-cyclohexanedicarboxylate salts and derivatives thereof.
 - 11. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 6 wherein said nucleating agent comprises aluminum 4-tert-butylbenzonate and derivatives thereof.

Inventor(s): Batlaw et al Case No: 5729

- 12. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 6 wherein said nucleating agent comprises metal salt(s) of cyclic phosphoric esters and derivatives thereof.
- 13. (Original) The process of claim 6 wherein said nucleating agent comprises bis(3,4-dialkylbenzylidene) sorbitol acetal or derivatives thereof.
- 14. (Original) The process of claim 6 wherein said nucleating agent comprises 1,3-O-2,4-bis(3,4-dimethylbenzylidene) sorbitol or derivatives thereof.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 6 wherein said nucleating agent comprises disodium bicyclo[2.2.1]heptanedicarboxylate or derivatives thereof.
- 16. (Original) The process of claim 1 wherein said chemical composition comprises a at least one species of polypropylene homopolymer.
- 17. (Original) The process of claim 1 wherein said chemical composition comprises a polypropylene random copolymer.
- 18. (Original) The process of claim 1 wherein said chemical composition comprises a polypropylene block copolymer.
 - 19. (Canceled)

USPTO Customer No. 25280

Inventor(s): Batlaw et al Case No: 5729

Serial No: 10/764,234

20. (Original) The process of claim 2 wherein said stretch blow molding step (f) is repeated successively in a manufacturing operation at a rate of container production of greater than about 900 containers per hour per mold.

- 21. (Original) The process of claim 2 wherein said stretch blow molding step (f) is repeated successively in a manufacturing operation at a rate of container production of at least about 1200 containers per hour per mold.
- 22. (Original) The process of claim 2 wherein said blow molding step (f) is repeated successively in a manufacturing operation at a rate of container production of at least about 1500 containers per hour per mold.
 - 23. (Withdrawn) A preform article formed by employing the process of claim 1.
 - 24. (Withdrawn) A container formed by employing the process of claim 2.
- 25. (Original) The process of claim 2 wherein said container provides a haze to thickness ratio expressed as a percent haze/mils of less than about 0.05.
- 26. (Currently Amended) A process for forming a polypropylene preform article to be used in the manufacture of a <u>high clarity</u> container, said process comprising the steps of:

Inventor(s): Batlaw et al

Case No: 5729

(a) providing a chemical composition comprising in part polypropylene, said chemical composition having a melt flow index in the range between about 13 and

about 35 grams/10 minutes, according to ASTM D 1238;

(b) injecting said chemical composition into a mold_x-at a fill rate of greater than

about 5 grams of chemical composition per second;

(c) forming said chemical composition into a preform article, said preform article

having a closed end and a side wall, said closed end being adapted for subsequent

second stage reheating and stretch blow molding, said side wall of said preform article

having a thickness of less than from about 2 mm to about 4 3.5 mm; and

(d) removing said preform article from said mold.

27. (Canceled)

28. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 26, wherein said chemical composition

further comprises a nucleating agent.

29. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 28 wherein said nucleating agent is

selected from the group of agents consisting of: dibenzylidene sorbitol-containing

compounds, sodium benzoate, cyclohexanedicarboxylate salts, aluminum 4-tert-

butylbenzoate, metal salts of phosphoric esters, and derivatives thereof.

Inventor(s): Batlaw et al Case No: 5729

- 30. (Original) The process of claim 28 wherein said nucleating agent comprises 1,3-O-2,4-bis(3,4-dimethylbenzylidene) sorbitol (DMDBS) or derivatives thereof.
- 31. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 28 wherein said nucleating agent comprises disodium bicyclo[2.2.1]heptanedicarboxylate or derivatives thereof.
- 32. (Original) The process of claim 26 wherein said injection step provides said chemical composition into said mold at a fill rate of about 5 22 grams/second.
 - 33. (Canceled)
 - 34. (Canceled)
- 35. (Original) The process of claim 26 wherein said fill rate in said step (b) is about 5-11 g/s and said preform side wall thickness is about 2 mm.
- 36. (Original) The process of claim 26 wherein said fill rate in said step (b) is about 5-13 g/s and said preform side wall thickness is about 3 mm.
- 37. (Original) The process of claim 26 wherein said fill rate in said step (b) is about 5-17 g/s and said preform side wall thickness is about 4 mm.

Inventor(s): Batlaw et al. Case No: 5729

38. (Withdrawn) The preform article formed by the process of claim 26.

- 39. (Original) The process of claim 26, further comprising the steps of:
- (e) reheating said preform article; and
- (f) stretch blow molding said preform article to form a container.
- (Withdrawn) The container formed by employing the process of claim 39.
- 41. (Original) A process comprising the steps of:
- (a) providing a chemical composition comprising polypropylene, said chemical composition having an MFI in the range of between about 13 and about 35 grams/10 minutes, according to ASTM D 1238;
- (b) injecting said chemical composition into a mold at a fill rate of greater than about 5 grams of chemical composition per second;
- (c) forming said chemical composition into a preform article, said preform article having a side wall thickness of about 2 mm; and
 - (d) removing said preform article from said mold.
 - 42. (Original) The process of claim 41 wherein further comprising the steps of:
 - (e) reheating said preform article; and
 - (f) stretch blow molding said preform article to form a container.
 - 43. (Withdrawn) A preform article formed using the process of claim 41.

03/08/2006 17:34 8645032103 MILLIKEN LEGAL PAGE 10

USPTO Customer No. 25280 Serial No: 10/764,234

Inventor(s): Batlaw et al Case No: 5729

44. (Withdrawn) A container formed using the process of claim 42.

45. (Original) A process comprising the steps of:

(a) providing a chemical composition comprising polypropylene, said chemical composition having an MFI in the range of between about 13 and about 35 grams/10 minutes, according to ASTM D 1238;

- (b) injecting said chemical composition into a mold at a fill rate of greater than about 5 grams of chemical composition per second;
- (c) forming said chemical composition into a preform article, said preform article having a side wall thickness of about 3 mm; and
 - (d) removing said preform article from said mold.
 - 46. (Original) The process of claim 45 wherein further comprising the steps of:
 - (e) reheating said preform article; and
 - (f) stretch blow molding said preform article to form a container.
 - 47. (Withdrawn) A preform article formed using the process of claim 45.
 - 48. (Withdrawn) A container formed using the process of claim 46.

Inventor(s): Batlaw et al

Case No: 5729

49. (Currently Amended) A process for making a perform, wherein said

perform is adapted for manufacture of a high clarity polypropylene container, said

process comprising the steps of:

- (a) providing a chemical composition comprising polypropylene, said chemical composition having an MFI in the range of between about 13 and about 35 grams/10 minutes, according to ASTM D 1238;
- (b) injecting said chemical composition into a mold at a fill rate of greater than about 5 grams of chemical composition per second;
- (c) forming said chemical composition into a preform article, said preform article having a wall thickness of between about 2 mm and about 4 mm; and
 - (d) removing said preform article from said mold.
 - 50. (Withdrawn) A perform article formed according to the process of claim 49.
 - 51. (Withdrawn) A process comprising the steps of:
- (a) providing a chemical composition comprising polypropylene, said chemical composition having an MFI in the range of between about 13 and about 35 grams/10 minutes, according to ASTM D 1238, said chemical composition further comprising a nucleating agent, said nucleating agent comprising at least in part 1,3-O-2,4-bis(3,4-dimethylbenzylidene) sorbitol (DMDBS) or derivatives thereof;
- (b) injecting said chemical composition into a mold at a fill rate of between about 5 and about 22 grams of chemical composition per second;

Inventor(s): Batlaw et al Case No: 5729

- (c) forming said chemical composition into a preform article, said preform article having a side wall thickness of between about 2 mm and about 4 mm; and
 - (d) removing said preform article from said mold.
 - 52. (Withdrawn) A perform article formed according to the process of claim 51.
- 53. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 51 wherein further comprising the steps of:
 - (e) reheating said perform article; and
 - (f) stretch blow molding said perform article to form a container.
 - 54. (Withdrawn) A container formed according to the process of claim 53.
 - 55. (Withdrawn) A process comprising the steps of:
- (a) providing a chemical composition comprising polypropylene, said chemical composition having an MFI in the range of between about 13 and about 35 grams/10 minutes according to ASTM D 1238, said chemical composition further comprising a nucleating agent, said nucleating agent comprising at least in part a p-methyl substituted benzaldehyde sorbitol compound or derivatives thereof;
- (b) injecting said chemical composition into a mold-at a fill rate of between about5 and about 22 grams of chemical composition per second;
- (c) forming said chemical composition into a preform article, said preform article having a wall thickness of between about 2 mm and about 4 mm; and

(d) removing said preform article from said mold.

Inventor(s): Batlaw et al. Case No: 5729